UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

March 24, 2004

To:

Public Information (MS 5034)

From:

Plan Coordinator, FO, Plans Section (MS

5231)

Subject:

Public Information copy of plan

Control #

S-06388

Туре

Supplemental Exploration Plan

Lease(s)

OCS-G21785 Block - 141 Green Canyon Area

Operator

LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.

Description -

Well E

Rig Type

SEMISUBMERSIBLE

Attached is a copy of the subject plan.

It has been deemed submitted as of this date and is under review for approval.

Michelle Griffitt Plan Coordinator

Juliet August

Site Type/Name

Botm Lse/Area/Blk Surface Location

Surf Lse/Area/Blk

WELL/E

G21785/GC/141

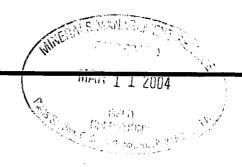
814 FNL, 5393 FWL

G21785/GC/141

S MAR25784AM11127

NOTED - SCHEXNAILDRE





March 9, 2004

U.S. Department of the Interior Minerals Management Service 1201 Elmwood Park Boulevard New Orleans, Louisiana 70123-2394

Attention:

Mr. Nick Wetzel

Plans Unit

RE:

Supplemental Exploration Plan for Lease OCS-G 21785, Green Canyon Block 141, OCS

Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore, Louisiana

Gentlemen:

In accordance with the provisions of Title 30 CFR 250.203 and that certain Notice to Lessees (NTL 2003-G17), LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc. (LLOG) hereby submits for your review and approval a Supplemental Exploration Plan (Plan) for Lease OCS-G 21785, Green Canyon Block 141, Offshore, Louisiana. Excluded from the Public Information copies are certain geologic and geophysical discussions and attachments.

Enclosed are two Proprietary Information copies (one hard copy and one CD) and three Public Information copies (one hard copy and two CD's) of the Plan.

Contingent upon receiving regulatory approvals and based on equipment and personnel availability, LLOG anticipates operations under this Plan commencing as early as July 1, 2004.

Should additional information be required, please contact the undersigned, or our regulatory consultant, R.E.M. Solutions, Inc., Attention: Christine Groth at 281.492.8562.

Sincerely,

LLOG EXPLORATION OFFSHORE, INC.

Timplhy E. Lindsey Cap

Timothy E. Lindsey Petroleum Engineer Public Information

CONTROL No.

REVIEWER: Michelle Griffitt

PHONE: (504) 736-2975

5-63P8

TEL:CAG:mjs
Attachments

LLOG EXPLORATION OFFSHORE, INC.

433 Metairie Road, Suite 600 Metairie, Louisiana 70005

Timothy E. Lindsey timl@llog.com

SUPPLEMENTAL EXPLORATION PLAN

LEASE OCS-G 21785
GREEN CANYON BLOCK 141

PREPARED BY:

Christine Groth
R.E.M. Solutions, Inc.
17171 Park Row, Suite 390
Houston, Texas 77084
281.492.8562 (Phone)
281.492.6117 (Fax)
christine@remsolutionsinc.com

DATED:

March 9, 2004

SECTION A Plan Contents

A. <u>Description</u>, Objectives and Schedule

Lease OCS-G 21785, Green Canyon Block 141 was acquired by LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc. at the Central Gulf of Mexico Lease Sale No. 175 held on March 15, 2000. The lease was issued with an effective date of May 1, 2000 and a primary term ending date of April 30, 2008.

The current lease operatorship and ownership are as follows:

Area/Block Lease No.	Operator	Ownership
Green Canyon Block 141 Lease OCS-G 21785	LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.	LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.

LLOG proposes to drill, potentially complete, and test Well Location E in Green Canyon Block 141. Information pertaining to the geological targets, including a narrative of trapping features, is included as *Attachment A-1*.

B. Location

Included as Attachments A-2 and A-3 are Form MMS-137 "OCS Plan Information Form" and the Bathymetry Map with proposed well location disturbance area and the anchor radius of semi-submersible drilling unit.

C. <u>Drilling Unit</u>

LLOG will utilize a typical semi-submersible type drilling rig for the proposed drilling, potential completion and testing operations provided for in this Plan. Actual rig specifications will be included with the Application for Permit to Drill.

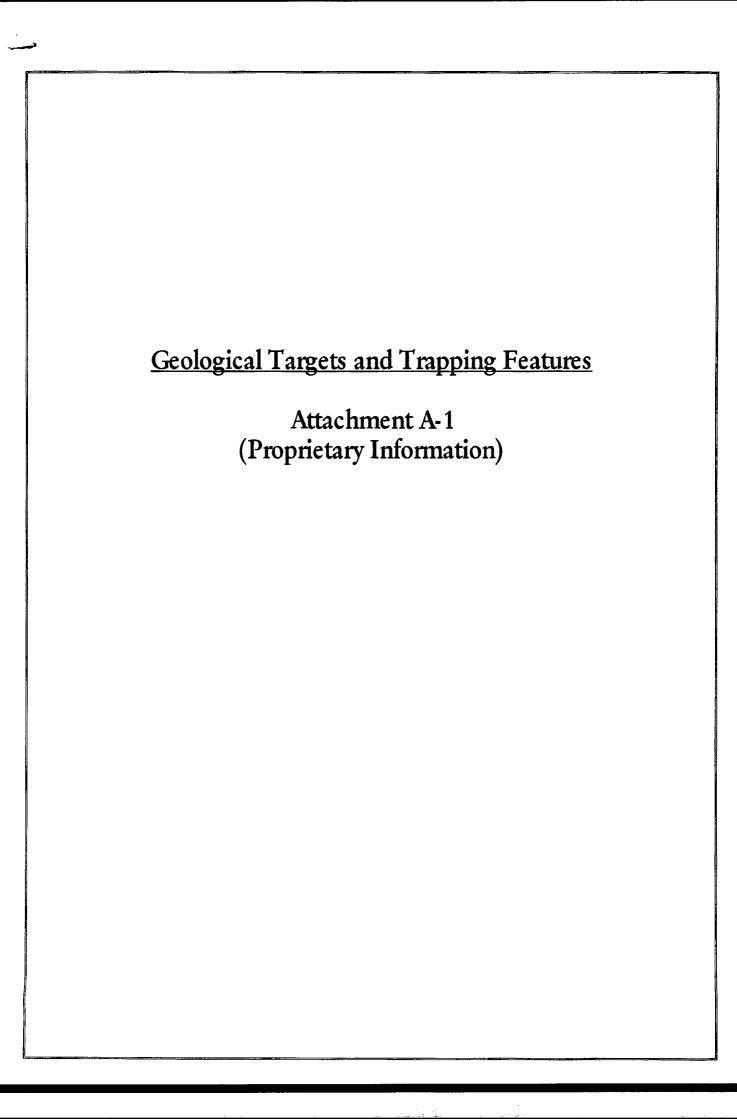
Safety of personnel and protection of the environment during the proposed operations is of primary concern with LLOG, and mandates regulatory compliance with the contractors and vendors associated with the proposed operations as follows:

Minerals Management Service regulations contained in Title 30 CFR Part 250, Subparts C, D, E, and O mandate the operations comply with well control, pollution prevention, construction and welding procedures as described in Title 30 CFR Part 250, Subparts C, D, E, and O; and as further clarified by MMS Notices to Lessees.

SECTION A Contents of Plan - Continued

Minerals Management Service conducts periodic announced and unannounced onsite inspections of offshore facilities to confirm operators are complying with lease stipulations, operating regulations, approved plans, and other conditions; as well as to assure safety and pollution prevention requirements are being met. The National Potential Incident of Noncompliance (PINC) List serves as the baseline for these inspections.

- U. S. Coast Guard regulations contained in Title 33 CFR mandate the appropriate life rafts, life jackets, ring buoys, etc., be maintained on the facility at all times.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations contained in the NPDES General Permit GMG290000 mandate that supervisory and certain designated personnel on-board the facility be familiar with the effluent limitations and guidelines for overboard discharges into the receiving waters.



OCS Plan Information Form **Attachment A-2** (Public Information)

OMB Control Number: 1010-0049 OMB Approval Expires: August 31, 2006

OCS PLAN INFORMATION FORM

			20 ************************************	(Gai	noral Info	danash	lon								
Type of OCS Plan X Exploration Plan (EP)					Development Operations Coordination Document (DOCD)										
Company Name: LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.					MMS Operation Number: 02058										
Add	Address: 433 Metairie Road, Suite 600					Contact Person: Christine Groth / R.E.M. Solutions, Inc.									
	Metairie, Lo	uisiana '	70005			Phone Number: (281) 492-8562									
						E-Mai	il A	Address:	christine(<u>a</u> ren	soluti	onsi	nc.com		
Lea	se(s): G21785	Area	: GC		Block(s):	141		Project N	lame (If A	pplica	ıble):	NA			
Obj	Objective(s): Oil X Gas Sulphur Salt Onshore Base: Fourchon, LA Distance to Closes Land (Miles): 96														
3.5	Description of Proposed Activities (Mark all that apply)														
X	Exploration drilling						D	evelopmer	nt drilling						
X	Well completion						_	nstallation		<u> </u>					
X	Well test flaring (for more than	ın 48 ho	urs)				⊢	nstallation							
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	Installation of subsea wellhea		r manifolds			$\perp \! \! \perp \! \! \perp$		commence							
	Installation of lease term pipe							ther (Spec						1 -,	1
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	you propose to use new or unu												Yes	X	No
Do	you propose any facility that v	ill serve	as a host fac	ility	for deepv	vater su	bse	ea developi	ment?				Yes	X	No
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Do you propose any activities that may disturb an MMS-designated high-probability archaeological area? Yes X No												
	Have all of the surface locations of your proposed activities been previously reviewed and approved by MMS? Yes X No														
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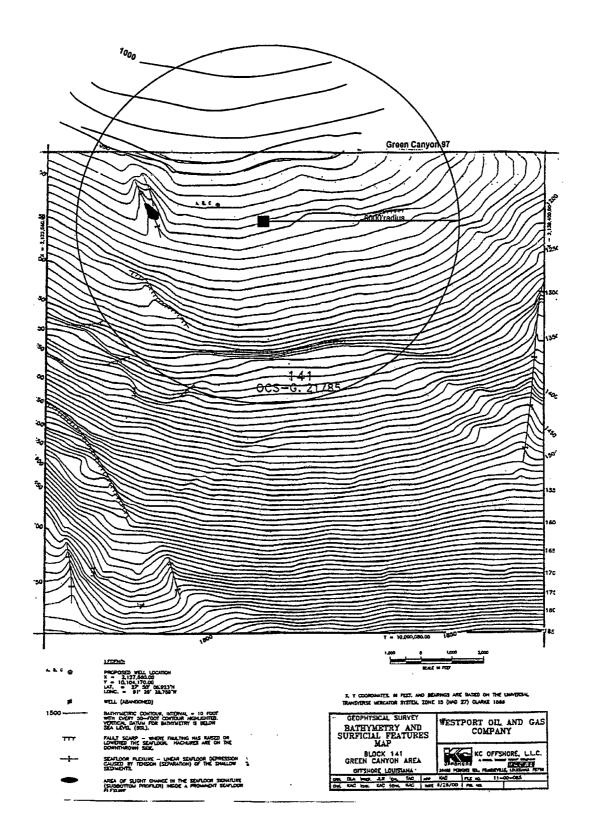
OMB Control Number: 1010-0049 OMB Approval Expires: August 31, 2006

OCS PLAN INFORMATION FORM (CONTINUED) Include one copy of this page for each proposed well/structure

			Proposed	Woll/Sintel	nre Location			
Well or Structure	e Name/N	lumber (If 1	renaming well or structure. Well Location 1		e previous name):	Sul	osea Com	pletion
Anchor Radius (if applica	ble) in feet:	6000'			X	Yes	No
	Świ	ace Locati	on -		Bottom-Hole Löceth	on (For	(allow	
ilæse No. "🚉	OCS	S-G 21785			OCS-G 21785			
Avrea Name 📜	CTECHE!	en Canyon			Green Canyon			
Block No. 👯	141				141			
Blockline — — Departmines	N/S	Departure	814'	FNL	N/S Departure:			
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Anchor Name or No.	Area	Block	X Coordinate		Y Coordinate			Length of Anchor Chain on Seafloor
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Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 Statement: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35) requires us to inform you that MMS collects this information as part of an applicant's Exploration Plan or Development Operations Coordination Document submitted for MMS approval. We use the information to facilitate our review and data entry for OCS plans. We will protect proprietary data according to the Freedom of Information Act and 30 CFR 250.196. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget Control Number. The use of this form is voluntary. The public reporting burden for this form is included in the burden for preparing Exploration Plans and Development Operations Coordination Documents. We estimate that burden to average 580 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, Mail Stop 4230, Minerals Management Service, 1849 C Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20240.

Bathymetry Map Attachment A-3 (Public Information)



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

SECTION B General Information

A. Contact

Questions or requests for additional information should be made to LLOG's authorized representative for this project:

Christine Groth
R.E.M. Solutions, Inc.
17171 Park Row, Suite 390
Houston, Texas 77084
281.492.8562 (Phone)
281.492.6117 (Fax)
christine@remsolutionsinc.com

B. Prospect Name

LLOG does not refer to prospect names for their exploratory activities.

C. New or Unusual Technology

LLOG does not propose using any new and/or unusual technology for the operations proposed in this Plan.

D. Bonding Information

In accordance with Title 30 CFR Part 256, Subpart I, LLOG elected and has on file with the Minerals Management Service Gulf of Mexico Regional Office a \$3,000,000 Areawide Development Bond.

As deemed warranted, Minerals Management Service will contact the designated operator in the event a supplemental bond is required for the proposed operations, as outlined in Notice to Lessees (NTL) 2003-N06 to cover plugging liability of the wellbores, removal of associated well protector structures and site clearance.

LLOG is on the exempt list with the Minerals Management Service for supplemental bonding.

SECTION B General Information - Continued

E. Onshore Base and Support Vessels

The proposed surface disturbance in Green Canyon Block 141 will be located approximately 96 miles from the nearest Louisiana shoreline, and approximately 143 miles from the onshore support base to be located in Fourchon, Louisiana.

LLOG will use an existing onshore base to accomplish the following routine operations:

- Loading/Offloading point for equipment supporting the offshore operations,
- Dispatching personnel and equipment, and does not anticipate the need for any expansion of the selected facilities as a result of the activities proposed in this Plan,
- Temporary storage for materials and equipment
- 24-Hour Dispatcher

Personnel involved in the proposed operations will typically use their own vehicles as transportation to and from the selected onshore base; whereas the selected vendors will transport the equipment by a combination of trucks, boats and/or helicopters to the onshore base. The personnel and equipment will then be transported to the drilling rig via the transportation methods and frequencies shown below, taking the most direct route feasible as mandated by weather and traffic conditions:

Support Vessel	Drilling and Completion Trips Per Week
Crew Boat	4
Supply Boat	4
Helicopter	4

The proposed operations are temporary in nature and do not require any immediate action to acquire additional land, expand existing base facilities.

A Vicinity Plat showing the surface location in Green Canyon Block 141 relative to the shoreline and onshore base is included as *Attachment B-1*.

F. <u>Lease Stipulations</u>

Under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, the Minerals Management Service is charged with the responsibility of managing and regulating the exploration and development on the OCS.

As part of the regulatory process, an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is prepared for each lease sale, at which time mitigation measures are addressed in the form of lease stipulations, which then become part of the oil and gas lease terms and are therefore enforceable as part of that lease.

SECTION B General Information - Continued

As part of this process, the designated operator proposing to conduct related exploratory and development activities, must review the applicable lease stipulations, as well as other special conditions, which may be imposed by the Minerals Management Service, and other governing agencies.

Minerals Management Service did not invoke any stipulations for Lease OCS-G 21785, Green Canyon Block 141.

Special Conditions

Certain area of the Gulf of Mexico have been designated by the U.S. Coast Guard as lightering zones for the purpose of permitting single hull vessels to off-load oil within the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone. As defined in Title 33 CFR Part 156.300, there are currently four lightering zones established in the Gulf of Mexico: Southtex, Gulfmex No. 2, Offshore Pascagoula No. 2, and South Sabine Point.

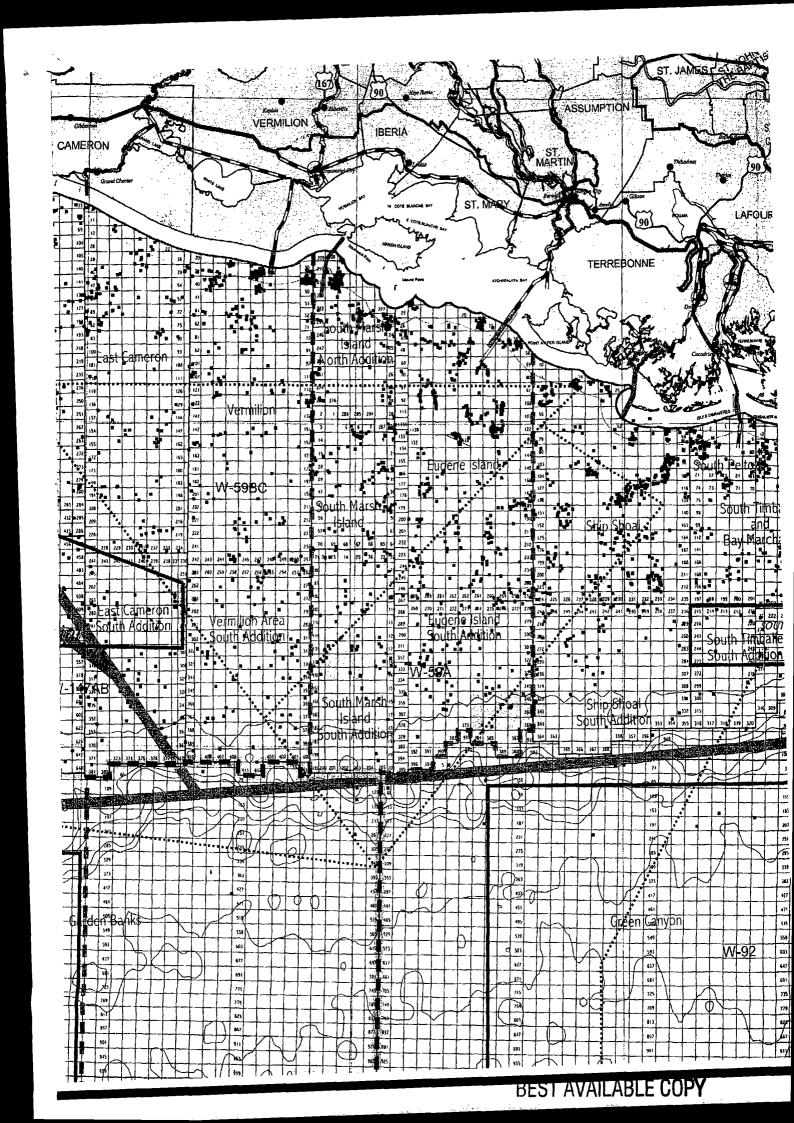
Green Canyon Block 141 is located within the boundaries of Gulfmex No. 2 lightering zone. LLOG will exercise caution while conducting the proposed activities within this area.

MMS has issued Notice to Lessees NTL 2004-G01 "Implementation of Seismic Mitigation Measures and Protected Species Observer Program", NTL 2003-G10 "Vessel Strike Avoidance and Injured/Dead Protected Species Reporting" and NTL 2003-G11 "Marine Trash and Debris Awareness and Elimination".

LLOG may potentially complete Well Location E as a subsea completion. In this event, LLOG will follow the guidelines of the applicable Notice to Lessees (NTL's) 2000-N05 and 2000-N06, which mandates the submittal and approval of separate regulatory filings entitled as a "Conservation Information Document" and a "Deepwater Operations Plan", respectively.

Vicinity Plat

Attachment B-1 (Public Information)



SECTION C Geological, Geophysical & H2S Information

A. Structure Contour Maps

Included as *Attachments C-1* are current structure maps (depth base and expressed in feet subsea) depicting the entire lease coverage area; drawn on the top of each prospective hydrocarbon sand. The maps depict each proposed bottom hole location and applicable geological cross section.

B. Interpreted Deep Seismic Lines

Included as *Attachment C-2* is a page size copy of the migrated and annotated (shot point, time lines, well paths) of the deep seismic line within 500 feet of the surface location.

C. Geological Structure Cross Sections

An interpreted geological cross section depicting the proposed well location and depth of the proposed well is included as *Attachment C-3*. Such cross section corresponds to each seismic line being submitted.

D. Shallow Hazards Report

KC Offshore, Inc. conducted a high resolution geophysical survey in Green Canyon Block 141 in June 2000. The purpose of the survey was to evaluate geologic conditions and inspect for potential hazards or constraints to lease development.

Copies of these reports have been previously submitted to the Minerals Management Service under separate cover.

E. Shallow Hazards Assessment

A shallow hazards analysis has been prepared for the proposed surface location, evaluating seafloor and subsurface geologic and manmade features and conditions, and is included as *Attachment C-4*.

F. High Resolution Seismic Lines

Included as *Attachment C-5*, (original copy only) is a copy of the annotated high resolution survey data lines for the surface location disturbance proposed in this Plan.

SECTION C Geological, Geophysical & H2S Information-Continued

G. Stratigraphic Column

A generalized biostratigraphic/lithostratigraphic column from the seafloor to the total depth of the proposed wells is included as *Attachment C-6*.

H. Time Vs. Depth Tables

LLOG has determined that there is existing sufficient well control data for the target areas proposed in this plan; therefore, tables providing seismic time versus depth for the proposed well location is not required.

I. Hydrogen Sulfide Classification

In accordance with Title 30 CFR 250.490, LLOG requests that Green Canyon Block 141 be classified by the Minerals Management Service as an area where the absence of hydrogen sulfide has been confirmed based on the following well which was drilled to the stratigraphic equivalent of the wells proposed in this Plan:

Lease	Area/Block	Well No.	Stratigraphic Equivalent
OCS-G 5093	GC 142	001	15300' - 16700' Sand Series

Structure Maps

Attachment C-1
(Proprietary Information)

Deep Seismic Lines Attachment C-2 (Proprietary Information) Cross Section Maps

Attachment C-3 (Proprietary Information)

Shallow Hazards Assessment Attachment C-4 (Public Information)



February 16, 2004

Mr. Don Howard
Regional Supervisor-Field Operations
Mineral Management Service
1201 Elmwood Park Boulevard
New Orleans, Louisiana 7-123-2394



RE: Shallow Hazard Study Green Canyon 141 OCS-G 21785

Dear Mr. Howard,

Based upon the Shallow Hazard Study of Green Canyon 141 conducted by KC Offshore in June 2000, there are no shallow hazards that will interfere with the drilling operations at the proposed well locations.

Well Location:

Well

Surface Location

D,E

814'FNL,5393'FWL

A copy of the Hazard Survey Report was submitted by Westport Oil and Gas Co. initial EP(N06960).

Sincerely,

Eric Rhoden

Division Geologist

Eric Rhoden

ER/mw

Enclosure

Shallow Hazards Lines

Attachment C-5 (Proprietary Information)

Original Copy Only

Stratigraphic Column

Attachment C-6 (Proprietary Information)

SECTION D Biological and Physical Information

A. Chemosynthetic Information

The proposed seafloor disturbing activities are in water depths less than 400 meters (1312 feet); therefore, this section of the Plan is not applicable.

B. Topographic Features Information

MMS and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) have entered into a programmatic consultation agreement for Essential Fish Habitat that requires that no bottom disturbing activities, including anchors or cables from a semi-submersible drilling rig, may occur within 500 feet of the no-activity zone of a topographic feature. If such proposed bottom disturbing activities are within 500 feet of a no activity zone, the MMS is required to consult with the NMFS.

The activities proposed in this Plan are not affected by a topographic feature.

C. Live Bottom (Pinnacle Trend) Information

Certain leases are located in areas characterized by the existence of live bottoms. Live bottom areas are defined as seagrass communities; those areas that contain biological assemblages consisting of sessile invertebrates living upon and attached to naturally occurring hard or rocky formations with rough, broken, or smooth topography; and areas where the lithotope favors the accumulation of turtles, fishes, or other fauna. These leases contain a Live Bottom Stipulation to ensure that impacts from nearby oil and gas activities on these live bottom areas are mitigated to the greatest extent possible.

For each affected lease, the Live Bottom Stipulation requires that you prepare a live bottom survey report containing a bathymetry map prepared by using remote sensing techniques. This report must be submitted to the Gulf of Mexico OCS Region (GOMR) before you may conduct any drilling activities or install any structure, including lease term pipelines in accordance with NTL 99-G16.

Green Canyon Block 141 is not located within the vicinity of a proposed live bottom area.

D. Remotely Operated Vehicle (ROV Surveys)

Pursuant to NTL No. 2003-G03, operators my be required to conduct remote operated vehicle (ROV) surveys during pre-spudding and post-drilling operations for the purpose of biological and physical observations.

Green Canyon Block 141 is not located within an area where ROV Surveys are required.

SECTION D Biological and Physical Information-Continued

E. Archaeological Reports

In conjunction with this geophysical survey, an archaeological survey and report was also prepared to comply with the requirements of NTL 2002-G01, as Green Canyon Block 141 is not located within an area known for potential archaeological resources.

This requirement provides protection of prehistoric and historic archaeological resources by requiring remote sensing surveys in areas designated to have a high probability for archaeological resources.

SECTION E Wastes and Discharge/Disposal Information

The Minerals Management Service (MMS), U. S. Coast Guard (USCG) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulate the overboard discharge and/or disposal of operational waste associated with drilling, completing, testing and/or production operations from oil and gas exploration and production activities.

Minerals Management Service regulations contained in Title 30 CFR 250.300 require operators to "prevent the unauthorized discharge of pollutants into offshore waters". These same regulations prohibit the intentional disposal of "equipment, cables, chains, containers, or other materials" offshore. Small items must be stored and transported in clearly marked containers and large objects must be individually marked. Additionally, items lost overboard must be recorded in the facility's daily log and reported to MMS as appropriate.

- U. S. Coast Guard regulations implement the Marine Pollution Research and Control Act (MARPOL) of 1987 requiring manned offshore rigs, platforms and associated vessels prohibit the dumping of all forms of solid waste at sea with the single exception of ground food wastes, which can be discharged if the facility is beyond 12 nautical miles from the nearest shore. This disposal ban covers all forms of solid waste including plastics, packing material, paper, glass, metal, and other refuse. These regulations also require preparation, monitoring and record keeping requirements for garbage generated on board these facilities. The drilling contractor must maintain a Waste Management Plan, in addition to preparation of a Daily Garbage Log for the handling of these types of waste. MODU's are equipped with bins for temporary storage of certain garbage. Other types of waste, such as food, may be discharged overboard if the discharge can pass through 25-millimeter type mesh screen. Prior to off loading and/or overboard disposal, an entry will be made in the Daily Garbage Log stating the approximate volume, the date of action, name of the vessel, and destination point.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations address the disposal of oil and gas operational wastes under three Federal Acts. The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) which provides a framework for the safe disposal of discarded materials, regulating the management of solid and hazardous wastes. The direct disposal of operational wastes into offshore waters is limited under the authority of the Clean Water Act. And, when injected underground, oil and gas operational wastes are regulated by the Underground Injection Control program. If any wastes are classified as hazardous, they are to be properly transported using a uniform hazardous waste manifest, documented, and disposed at an approved hazardous waste facility.

A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, based on effluent limitation guidelines, is required for any discharges into offshore waters. LLOG has requested coverage under the Region VI NPDES General Permit GMG290000 for discharges associated with exploration and development activities in Green Canyon Block 141 and will take applicable steps to ensure all offshore discharges associated with the proposed operations will be conducted in accordance with the permit.

SECTION E Wastes and Discharge/Disposal Information-Continued

A. Composition of Solid and Liquid Wastes

The major operational solid waste in the largest quantities generated from the proposed operations will be the drill cuttings, drilling and/or completion fluids. Other associated wastes include waste chemicals, cement wastes, sanitary and domestic waste, trash and debris, ballast water, storage displacement water, rig wash and deck drainage, hydraulic fluids, used oil, oily water and filters, and other miscellaneous minor discharges.

These wastes are generated into categories, being solid waste (trash and debris), nonhazardous oilfield waste (drilling fluids, nonhazardous waste including cement and oil filters), and hazardous wastes (waste paint or thinners).

The type of discharges included in this permit application allow for the following effluents to be discharged overboard, subject to certain limitations, prohibitions and recordkeeping requirements.

Overboard Discharges

In accordance with NTL 2003-G17, overboard discharges generated by the activities are not required for submittal in this Plan.

Disposed Wastes

The wastes detailed in *Attachment E-1* are those wastes generated by our proposed activities that are disposed of by means of offsite release, injection, encapsulation, or placement at either onshore or offshore permitted locations for the purpose of returning them back to the environment.

LLOG will manifest these wastes prior to being offloaded from the MODU, and transported to shore for disposal at approved sites regulated by the applicable State. Additionally, LLOG will comply with any approvals or reporting and recordkeeping requirements imposed by the State where ultimate disposal will occur.

Waste & Discharge Tables

Attachment E-1 (Public Information)

LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc. Green Canyon Block 141 Examples of Wastes and Discharges Information

Table 1. Disposal Table (Wastes to be disposed of, not discharged)

Table 1. Disposal Table (Wastes to be disposed of, not discharged)								
Type of Waste	Amount*	Rate per day	Name/Location of	Treatment and/or				
Approximate			Disposal Facility	Storage, Transport and				
Composition				Disposal Method				
Spent oil-based drilling fluids and	1,000 bbl/well	200 bbl/day	Newpark Environmental	Transport to shore in barge tanks to a land farm				
cuttings			Fourchon, LA					
Spent synthetic- based drilling fluids and cuttings	1,000 bbl/well	200 bbl/day	Newpark Environmental Fourchon, LA	Transport to shore base in cuttings boxes on crew boat then inject down hole at offshore waste disposal facility				
Waste Oil	200 bbl/yr	0.5 bbl/yr	Newpark Environmental Fourchon, LA	Pack in drums and transported to an onshore Incineration site				
Norm – contaminated wastes	1 ton	Not applicable	Green Canyon Block 141	Transport to a transfer station via dedicated barge				
Trash and debris	1,000 ft ³	3 ft ³ /day	Newpark Environmental Fourchon, LA	Transport in storage bins on crew boat to disposal facility				
Chemical product wastes	50 bbl/yr	2 bbl/day	Newpark Environmental Fourchon, LA	Transport in containers to shore location				
Chemical product wastes	100 bbi	2 bbl/day	Newpark Environmental Fourchon, LA	Transport in barrels on crew boat to shore location				

^{*}can be expressed as a volume, weight, or rate

SECTION F Oil Spill Response and Chemical Information

A. Regional Oil Spill Response Plan (OSRP) Information

Effective June 30, 2002 Minerals Management Service approved LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.'s (LLOG's) Regional Oil Spill Response Plan (OSRP). The most recent modification, approved January 14, 2004 revised LLOG's location of Clean Gulf Associates response equipment and updated property tables. Activities proposed in this Supplemental Exploration Plan will be covered by the Regional OSRP.

B. Oil Spill Removal Organizations (OSRO)

LLOG utilizes Clean Gulf Associates (CGA) as its primary provider for equipment, which is an industry cooperative owning an inventory of oil spill clean-up equipment. CGA is supported by the Marine Spill Response Corporation's (MSRC), which is responsible for storing, inspecting, maintaining and dispatching CGA's equipment. The MSRC STARS network provides for the closest available personnel, as well as an MSRC supervisor to operate the equipment.

C. Worst-Case Scenario Comparison (WCD)

Category	Current Regional OSRP WCD	Proposed Exploration Plan WCD
Type of Activity	Drilling	Drilling/Completion/Testing
Facility Surface Location	Green Canyon Block 157	Green Canyon Block 141
Facility Description	MODU	Semi-Submersible Rig
Distance to Nearest Shoreline (Miles)	85	96
Volume: Storage Tanks (total) Facility Piping (total) Lease Term Pipeline Uncontrolled Blowout (day)		
Potential 24 Hour Volume (Bbls.)	60,000	32,000
Type of Liquid Hydrocarbon	Crude	Oil
API Gravity	33.3°	40.0°

SECTION F Oil Spill Response and Chemical Information-Continued

Due to the estimated flow rates from an exploratory well blowout are speculative and temporary in nature, LLOG will not modify their Regional OSRP to change the WCD.

Since LLOG has the capability to respond to the worst-case discharge (WCD) spill scenario included in its Regional OSRP approved on June 30, 2002, and since the worst-case scenario determined for our SEP does not replace the worst-case scenario in our Regional OSRP, I hereby certify that LLOG has the capability to respond, to the maximum extent practicable, to a worst-case discharge, or a substantial threat of such a discharge, resulting from the activities proposed in our SEP.

D. Facility Tanks, Production Vessels

The following table details the *tanks* (capacity greater than 25 bbls. or more) to be used to support the proposed activities (MODU and barges):

Type of Storage	Type of Facility	Tank Capacity	Number of	Total Capacity	Fluid Gravity
Tank		(bbls)	Tanks	(bbls)	(API)
Fuel Oil	MODU	250	2	500	38° (Diesel)

E. Spill Response Sites

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

F. Diesel Oil Supply Vessels

According to NIL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

G. Support Vessel Fuel Tanks

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

H. Produced Liquid Hydrocarbon Transportation Vessels

LLOG is proposing to conduct well testing operations on the proposed well locations. This process will include flaring the produced gas hydrocarbons and burning the liquid hydrocarbons.

I. Oil and Synthetic-Based Drilling Fluids

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

SECTION F Oil Spill Response and Chemical Information (Continued)

J. Oil Characteristics

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

I. Blowout Scenario

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

L. Spill Discussion for NEPA Analysis

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

M. Pollution Prevention Measures

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

N. FGBNMS Monitoring Plans

According to NTL 2003-G17, this section of the Plan is not applicable to the proposed operations.

SECTION G Air Emissions Information

The primary air pollutants associated with OCS exploration activities are:

- Carbon Monoxide
- Particulate Matter
- Sulphur Oxides
- Nitrogen Oxides
- Volatile Organic Compounds

These offshore air emissions result mainly from the drilling rig operations, helicopters, and support vessels. These emissions occur mainly from combustion or burning of fuels and natural gas and from venting or evaporation of hydrocarbons. The combustion of fuels occurs primarily on diesel-powered generators, pumps or motors and from lighter fuel motors. Other air emissions can result from catastrophic events such as oil spills or blowouts.

A. Calculating Emissions

Included as Attachment G-1, is the Projected Air Quality Emissions Report (Form MMS-138) for Plan Emissions addressing drilling, potential completion and testing operations utilizing a typical submersible type drilling unit, with related support vessels and construction barge information.

B. Screening Questions

As evidenced by Attachment G-1, the worksheets were completed based on flaring and burning operations.

C. Emission Reduction Measures

The projected air emissions are within the exemption level; therefore, no emission reduction measures are being proposed.

D. Verification of Non-Default Emissions Factors

LLOG has elected to use the default emission factors as provided in Attachment G-1.

E. Non-Exempt Activities

The proposed activities are within the exemption amount as provided in Attachment G-1.

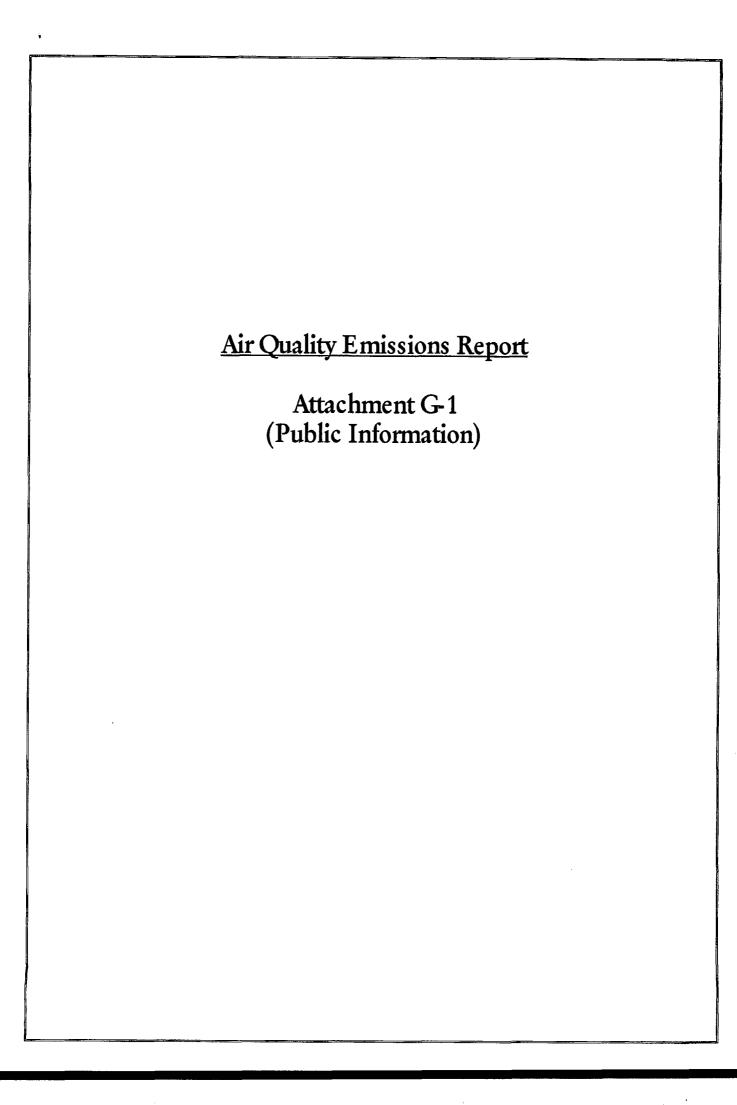
SECTION G Air Emissions Information-Continued

F. Review of Activities with Emissions Below the Exemption Level

The proposed activities are below the exemption amount and should not affect the air quality of an onshore area, as provided in *Attachment G-1*.

G. Modeling Report

The proposed activities are below the exemption amount and should not affect the air quality of an onshore area.



EXPLORATION PLAN (EP)

OMB Control No. 1010-0049
OMB Approval Expires: September 30, 2003

	AIR GUALITY SCREENING CHECKLIST	ONB Approval Expire
COMPANY	LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.	
AREA	Green Canyon	
BLOCK	141	
LEASE	OCS-G 21785	
RIG	Semi-submersible	
WELL	E	
COMPANY CONTACT	Christine Groth/R,E.M. Solutions, Inc.	
TELEPHONE NO.	281.492.8562	
REMARKS	Drill, complete and test Well Location E	
		i

Screening eluestions for EPIs	Yes	No
Is any calculated Complex Total (CT) Emission amount (in tons associated with your proposed exploration activities more than 90% of the amounts calculated using the following formulas: $CT = 3400D^{2/3}$ for CO , and $CT = 33.3D$ for the other air pollutants (where $D = 0$ distance to shore in miles)?		x
Does your emission calculations include any emission reduction measures or modified emission factors?		х
Are your proposed exploration activities located east of 87.5° W longitude?		X
Do you expect to encounter H₂S at concentrations greater than 20 parts per million (ppm)?		х
Do you propose to flare or vent natural gas for more than 48 continuous hours from any proposed well?	х	
Do you propose to burn produced hydrocarbon liquids?	X	

	Ren Enission Amounts (ons)	- Annount S	
Carbon monoxide (CO)	120.51	71284.17	NA
Particulate matter (PM)	15.91	3196.80	NA NA
Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂)	74.20	3196.80	NA NA
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	544.03	3196.80	NA
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	16.60	3196.80	NA

² For activities proposed in your EP or DOCD, list the projected emissions calculated from the worksheets.

² List the exemption amounts in your proposed activities calculated using the formulas in 30 CFR 250.303(d).

³ List the complex total emissions associated with your proposed activities calculated from the worksheets.

EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS 1ST YEAR

COMPANY	AREA	BLOCK	LEASE	PLATFORM	WELL			CONTACT		PHONE	REMARKS				-	
LLOG Exploration Offshor	Green Canyon	141	OCS-G 21785	Semi-submersible	E			Christine Groth/F	E.M. Solutions,	281.492.8562						
OPERATIONS	EQUIPMENT	RATING	MAX. FUEL	ACT. FUEL	RUN	TIME	MAXIMUM POUNDS PER HOUR				ESTIMATED TONS					
	Diesel Engines	HP	GAL/HR	GAL/D												
	Nat Gas Engines	HP	SCF/HR	SCF/D												
	Burners	MMBTU/HR	SCF/HR	SCF/D	HR/D	DAYS	PW	SOx	NOx	VOC	CO	PM	SOx	NOx	Voc	co
DRILLING	PRIME MOVER>600hp diesel	39555	1910.5065	45852.16	24	46	27.88	127.90	958.38	28.75	209.10	15.39	70.60	529.03	15.87	115.42
	PRIME MOVER>600hp diesel	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	PRIME MOVER>600hp diesel	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	PRIME MOVER>600hp diesel	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	BURNER diesel	0			0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
i	AUXILIARY EQUIP<600hp diesel	0	Ö	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	VESSELS>600hp diesel(crew)	2065	99.7395	2393.75	8	26	1.46	6.68	50.03	1.50	10.92	0.15	0.69	5.20	0.16	1.14
	VESSELS>600hp diesel(supply)	2065	99.7395	2393.75	10	26	1.46	6.68	50.03	1.50	10.92	0.19	0.87	6.50	0.20	1.42
	VESSELS>600hp diesel(tugs)	4200	202.86	4868.64	12	4	2.96	13.58	101.76	3.05	22.20	0.07	0,33	2.44	0.07	0.53
FACILITY	DERRICK BARGE diesel	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
INSTALLATION	MATERIAL TUG diesel	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ł	VESSELS>600hp diesel(crew)	0	0	0,00	O	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	VESSELS>600hp diesel(supply)	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MISC.	BPD	SCF/HR	COUNT							·					
	TANK-	0			Q	0				0.00	i				0.00	
DRILLING	OIL BURN	250			24	2	4.38	71.15	20.83	0.10	2.19	0.11	1.71	0.50	0.00	0.05
WELL TEST	GAS FLARE		208333.33		24	2		0.12	14.87	12.56	80.94	<u></u>	0.00	0.36	0.30	1.94
2004	YEAR TOTAL	1					38.13	226.10	1195.92	47.47	336.26	15.91	74.20	544.03	16,60	120.51
EXEMPTION	DISTANCE FROM LAND IN	 	1	L				·			<u> </u>	 	· · ·			
CALCULATION	MILES	1										3196.80	3196.80	3196.80	3196.80	71284.17
	96.0											<u> </u>				<u> </u>

SUMMARY

COMPANY	AREA	BLOCK	LEASE	PLATFORM	WELL
LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.	Green Canyon	141	OCS-G 21785	Semi-submersible	Ε
Year		Emitted		Substance	
	PM.	SOx	NOx	VOC	co
2004	15.91	74.20	544.03	16.60	120.51
Allowable	3196.80	3196.80	3196.80	3196.80	71284.17

SECTION H Environmental Impact Analysis

A. IMPACT PRODUCING FACTORS (IPF'S)

The following matrix is utilized to identify the environmental resources that could be impacted by these IPF's. An "x" has been marked for each IPF category that LLOG has determined may impact a particular environmental resource as a result of the proposed activities. For those cells which are footnoted, a statement is provided as to the applicability of the proposed activities, and where there may be an effect, an analysis of the effect is provided.

Environmental Resources	Emissions (air, noise, light, etc.)	Effluents (muds, cuttings, other discharges to the water	Physical Disturbances To the seafloor (rig or anchor	Wastes Sent to Shore for Treatment	Accidents (e.g. oil spills, chemical spills, H2S releases)	Other IPF's identified
		column or seafloor	emplacement, etc.)	Or disposal	,	
Site Specific at Offshore						
Location						
Designated topographic						
feature						
Pinnacle Trend area live			-			
bottoms						
Eastern Gulf live bottoms						
Chemosynthetic						
communities						
Water quality		X			X	
Fisheries		X			X	
Marine mammals	X	X			X	
Sea turtles	X	X			X	
Air quality						
Shipwreck sites (known or						
potential)						
Prehistoric archaeological						
sites						
Vicinity of Offshore						
Location						
Essential fish habitat					X	
Marine and pelagic birds					X	
Public health and safety						
Coastal and Onshore						
Beaches					X	
Wetlands					X	
Shorebirds and coastal						
nesting birds					X	
Coastal wildlife refuges					X	
Wilderness areas					X	
Other Resources						

B. VICINITY OF OFFSHORE LOCATION ANALYSES

1. Designated Topographic Features

There are no anticipated effluents, physical disturbances to the seafloor, and accidents from the proposed activities that could cause impacts to topographic features. The proposed surface disturbances within Green Canyon Block 141 are located approximately 10 miles away from the closest designated topographic feature (Jakkula Bank). The crests of designated topographic features in the northern Gulf are found below 10 m. In the event of an accidental oil spill from the proposed activities, the gravity of such oil (high gravity condensate and/or diesel fuel) would rise to the surface, quickly dissipate, and/or be swept clear by the currents moving around the bank; thereby avoiding the sessile biota.

2. Pinnacle Trend Live Bottoms

There are no anticipated effluents, physical disturbances to the seafloor, and accidents from the proposed activities that could cause impacts to a pinnacle trend area. The proposed surface disturbances within Green Canyon Block 141 are located a significant distance (> 100 miles) from the closest pinnacle trend live bottom stipulated block. The crests of the pinnacle trend area are much deeper than 20 m. In the event of an accidental oil spill from the proposed activities, the gravity of such oil (high gravity condensate and/or diesel fuel) would rise to the surface, quickly dissipate, and/or be swept clear by currents moving around the bank; and thus not impacting the pinnacles.

3. Eastern Gulf Live Bottoms

There are no anticipated effluents, physical disturbances to the seafloor, and accidents from the proposed activities that could cause impacts to Eastern Gulf live bottoms. The proposed surface disturbances within Green Canyon Block 141 are located a significant distance (>100 miles) from the closest pinnacle Eastern Gulf live bottom stipulated block. In the event of an accidental oil spill from the proposed activities, the gravity of such oil (high gravity condensate and/or diesel fuel) would rise to the surface, quickly dissipate, and/or be swept clear by currents moving around the bank; and would not be expected to cause adverse impacts to Eastern Gulf live bottoms because of the depth of the features and dilutions of spills.

4. Chemosynthetic Communities

The water depth at the proposed well location in Green Canyon Block 141 is approximately 1025 feet. Therefore, the proposed activities are not located within the vicinity of any known chemosynthetic communities, which typically occur in water depths greater than 400 meters.

5. Water Quality

Accidental oil spill releases from the proposed activities, and cumulative similar discharge activity within the vicinity could potentially cause impacts to water quality. It is unlikely that an accidental oil spill release would occur from the proposed activities. In the event of such a release, the water quality would be temporarily affected by the dissolved components and small droplets. Currents and microbial degradation would remove the oil from the water column or dilute the constituents to background levels.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill. LLOG will conduct the proposed activities under EPA's Region VI NPDES General Permit GMG290000 which authorizes the discharge of certain effluents, subject to certain limitations, prohibitions and recordkeeping requirements. As such, it is not anticipated these discharges will cause significant adverse impacts to water quality.

6. Fisheries

Accidental oil spill releases from the proposed activities, and cumulative similar discharge activity within the vicinity may potentially cause some detrimental effects on fisheries. It is unlikely a spill would occur; however, such a release in open waters closed to mobile adult finfish or shellfish would likely be sublethal and the extent of damage would be reduced to the capability of adult fish and shellfish to avoid a spill, to metabolize hydrocarbons, and to excrete both metabolites and parent compounds.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill. LLOG will conduct the proposed activities under EPA's Region VI NPDES General Permit GMG290000 which authorizes the discharge of certain effluents, subject to certain limitations, prohibitions and recordkeeping requirements. As such, it is not anticipated these discharges will cause significant adverse impacts to water quality.

7. Marine Mammals

As a result of the proposed activities, marine mammals may be adversely impacted by traffic, noise, accidental oil spills, cumulative similar discharge activity, and loss of trash and debris. Chronic and sporadic sublethal effects could occur that may stress and/or weaken individuals of a local group or population and make them more susceptible to infection from

natural or anthropogenic sources. Few lethal effects are expected from accidental oil spill, chance collisions with service vessels and ingestion of plastic material.

The net results of any disturbance would depend on the size and percentage of the population affected, ecological importance of the disturbed area, environmental and biological parameters that influence an animal's sensitivity to disturbance and stress, and the accommodation time in response to prolonged disturbance (Geraci and St. Aubin), 1980). Collisions between cetaceans and ship could cause serious injury or death (Laist et al., 2001). Sperm whales are one of 11 whale species that are hit commonly by ships (Laist et al., 2001). Collisions between OCS vessels and cetaceans within the project area are expected to be unusual events.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill. LLOG will conduct the proposed activities under EPA's Region VI NPDES General Permit GMG290000 which authorizes the discharge of certain effluents, subject to certain limitations, prohibitions and recordkeeping requirements. As such, it is not anticipated these discharges will cause significant adverse impacts to water quality. Additionally, LLOG and its contractors will conduct the proposed activities under the additional criteria addressed by MMS in Notice to Lessee's (NTL's) 2003-G10 "Vessel Strike Avoidance and Injured/Dead Protective Species" and NTL 2003-G11 "Marine Trash & Debris Awareness & Elimination".

8. Sea Turtles

As a result of the proposed activities, sea turtles may be adversely impacted by traffic, noise, accidental oil spills, cumulative similar discharges, and loss of trash and debris. Small numbers of turtles could be killed or injured by chance collision with service vessels or by eating indigestible trash, particularly plastic items accidentally lost from drilling rigs, production facilities and service vessels. Drilling rigs and project vessels (construction barges) produce noise that could disrupt normal behavior patterns and crease some stress to sea turtles, making them more susceptible to disease. Accidental oil spill releases are potential threats which could have lethal effects on turtles. Contact and/or consumption of this released material could seriously affect individual sea turtles. Most OCS related impacts on sea turtles are expected to be sublethal. Chronic and/or avoidance of effected areas could cause declines in survival or productivity, resulting in gradual population declines.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which

address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill. LLOG will conduct the proposed activities under EPA's Region VI NPDES General Permit GMG290000 which authorizes the discharge of certain effluents, subject to certain limitations, prohibitions and recordkeeping requirements.

As such, it is not anticipated these discharges will cause significant adverse impacts to water quality. Additionally, LLOG and its contractors will conduct the proposed activities under the additional criteria addressed by MMS in Notice to Lessee's (NTL's) 2003-G10 "Vessel Strike Avoidance and Injured/Dead Protective Species" and NTL 2003-G11 "Marine Trash & Debris Awareness & Elimination".

9. Air Quality

The proposed activities are located approximately 96 miles to the nearest shoreline. There would be a limited degree of air quality degradation in the immediate vicinity of the proposed activities. Air quality analyses of the proposed activities are below the MMS exemption level.

10. Shipwreck Site (Known or Potential)

There are no physical disturbances to the seafloor which could impact known or potential shipwreck sites, as the review of high resolution shallow hazards data indicate there are no known or potential shipwreck sites located within the surveyed area.

11. Prehistoric Archaeological Sites

There are no physical disturbances to the seafloor which could cause impacts to prehistoric archaeological sites, as the review of high resolution shallow hazards data and supporting studies did not reflect the occurrence of prehistoric archaeological sites.

Site Specific Offshore Location Analyses

1. Essential Fish Habitat

An accidental oil spill that may occur as a result of the proposed activities has potential to cause some detrimental effects on essential fish habitat. It is unlikely that an accidental oil spill release would occur; however, if a spill were to occur in close proximity to finfish or shellfish, the effects would likely be sublethal and the extent of damage would be reduced to the capability of adult fish and shellfish to avoid a spill, to metabolize hydrocarbons, and to excrete both metabolites and parent compounds.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

2. Marine and Pelagic Birds

An accidental oil spill that may occur as a result of the proposed activities has potential to impact marine and pelagic birds, by the birds coming into contact with the released oil. It is unlikely that an accidental oil spill release would occur.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

3. Public Health and Safety Due to Accidents

There are no anticipated IPF's from the proposed activities that could impact the public health and safety. LLOG has requested MMS approval to classify the proposed objective area as absent of hydrogen sulfide.

Coastal and Onshore Analyses

1. Beaches

An accidental oil spill release from the proposed activities could cause impacts to beaches. However, due to the distance from shore (approximately 96 miles), and the response capabilities that would be implemented, no significant adverse impacts are expected. Both historical spill data and the combined trajectory/risk calculations referenced in the publication of OCS EIA /EA MMS 2002-052 indicate there is little risk of contact or impact to the coastline and associated environmental resources.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

2. Wetlands

An accidental oil spill release from the proposed activities could cause impacts to wetlands. However, due to the distance from shore (approximately 96 miles) and the response capabilities that would be implemented, no significant adverse impacts are expected. Both historical spill data and the combined trajectory/risk calculations referenced in the publication of OCS EIA /EA MMS 2002-052 indicate there is little risk of contact or impact to the coastline and associated environmental resources.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

3. Shore Birds and Coastal Nesting Birds

An accidental oil spill release from the proposed activities could cause impacts to shore birds and coastal nesting birds. However, due to the distance from shore (approximately 96 miles) and the response capabilities that would be implemented, no significant adverse impacts are expected. Both historical spill data and the combined trajectory/risk calculations referenced in the publication of OCS EIA /EA MMS 2002-052 indicate there is little risk of contact or impact to the coastline and associated environmental resources.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

4. Coastal Wildlife Refuges

An accidental oil spill release from the proposed activities could cause impacts to coastal wildlife refuges. However, due to the distance from shore (approximately 96 miles) and the response capabilities that would be implemented, no significant adverse impacts are expected. Both historical spill data and the combined trajectory/risk calculations referenced in the publication of OCS EIA /EA MMS 2002-052 indicate there is little risk of contact or impact to the coastline and associated environmental resources.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which

3/9/2004 Page 24

address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

5. Wilderness Areas

An accidental oil spill release from the proposed activities could cause impacts to wilderness areas. However, due to the distance from shore (approximately 96 miles) and the response capabilities that would be implemented, no significant adverse impacts are expected. Both historical spill data and the combined trajectory/risk calculations referenced in the publication of OCS EIA /EA MMS 2002-052 indicate there is little risk of contact or impact to the coastline and associated environmental resources.

In the event of an unanticipated blowout resulting in an oil spill, it is unlikely to have an impact based on the industry wide standards for using proven equipment and technology for such responses, implementation of LLOG's Regional Oil Spill Response Plan which address available equipment and personnel, techniques for containment and recovery, and removal of the oil spill.

Other Identified Environmental Resources

LLOG has not identified any other environmental resources other than those addressed above.

Impacts on Proposed Activities

No impacts are expected on the proposed activities as a result of taking into consideration the site specific environmental conditions.

A High Resolution Shallow Hazards Survey was conducted, a report prepared in accordance with NTL 2002-G01 and NTL 98-20.

Based on the analysis of the referenced data, there are no surface or subsurface geological and manmade features and conditions that may adversely affect the proposed activities. LLOG will institute procedures to avoid pipelines and abandoned wells within the vicinity of the proposed operations.

<u>Alternatives</u>

LLOG did not consider any alternatives to reduce environmental impacts as a result of the proposed activities.

Mitigation Measures

LLOG will not implement any mitigation measures to avoid, diminish, or eliminate potential environmental resources, other than those required by regulation and policy.

Consultation

LLOG has not contacted any agencies or persons for consultation regarding potential impacts associated with the proposed activities. Therefore, a list of such entities is not being provided.

References

The following documents were utilized in preparing the Environmental Impact Assessment:

Document	Author	Dated
Shallow Hazards Survey	KC Offshore, Inc.	2000
MMS Environmental Impact Statement Report No. 2002-15	Minerals Management Service	2002
NTL 2003-G10 "Vessel Strike Avoidance and Injured/Dead Protective Species"	Minerals Management Service	2003
NTL 2004-G01 "Implementation of Seismic Survey Mitigation Measures and Protected Species Observer Program	Minerals Management Service	2004
NTL 2003-G11 "Marine Trash & Debris Awareness & Elimination"	Minerals Management Service	2003
NTL 2002-G09 "Regional and Subregional Oil Spill Response Plans"	Minerals Management Service	2002
NTL 2003-G17 "Guidance for Submitting Exploration Plans and Development Operations Coordination Documents"	Minerals Management Service	2003
NTL 2002-G01 "Archaeological Resource Surveys and Reports"	Minerals Management Service	2002
NTL 2000-G16 "Guidelines for General Lease Surety Bonds"	Minerals Management Service	2000
NTL 98-20 "Shallow Hazards Survey Requirements"	Minerals Management Service	1998
NTL 2003-N06 "Supplemental Bond Procedures"	Minerals Management Service	2003
NTL 98-16 "Hydrogen Sulfide Requirements"	Minerals Management Service	1998
NPDES General Permit GMG290000	EPA – Region VI	1998
Regional Oil Spill Response Plan	LLOG Exploration Offshore, Inc.	2004

SECTION I CZM Consistency

Under direction of the Coastal Zone Management Act (CMZA), the States of Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas developed Coastal Zone Management Programs (CZMP) to allow for the supervision of significant land and water use activities that take place within or that could significantly impact their respective coastal zones.

Coastal Zone Management Consistency is not required for the proposed supplemental operations.